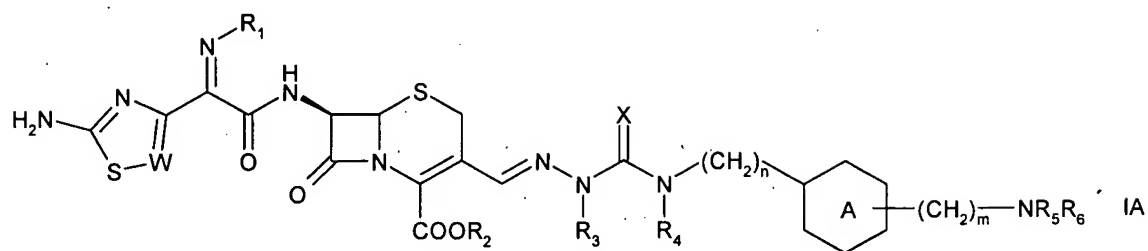
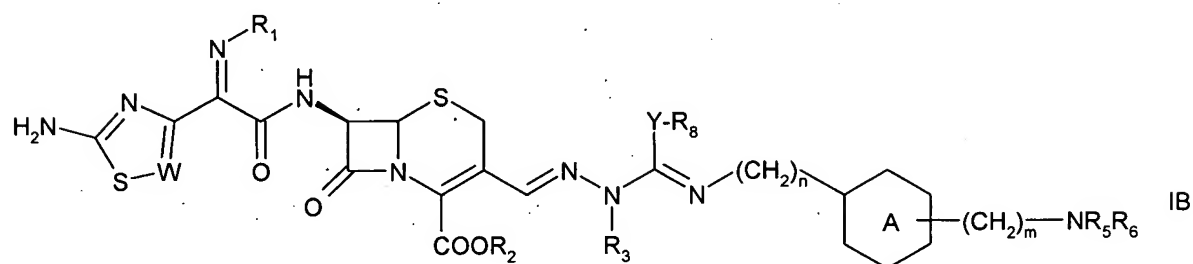


In the Claims:

1. (original) A compound of formula



or of formula



wherein

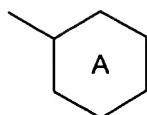
W is CH or N,

R<sub>1</sub> is hydroxy, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy or (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy,

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or an ester moiety,

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl or (C<sub>3-8</sub>)cycloalkyl,

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl,



is cyclohexyl or phenyl,

R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> independently of each other are hydrogen; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl;

(C<sub>6-18</sub>)arylcarbonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6-18</sub>)aryloxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>1-</sub>

<sub>6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl-

(C<sub>6-18</sub>)arylcabonyl; heterocyclyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl, wherein heterocyclyl comprises 5 or 6 ring members and 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O or S;

(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylsulfonyl or

(C<sub>6-18</sub>)arylsulfonyl,

X is NH, O, S or N-R<sub>8</sub>, wherein R<sub>8</sub> is (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl or (C<sub>3-8</sub>)cycloalkyl,

Y is O or S, and

n and m independently of each other are 0 or 1.

2. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein

W is CH or N,

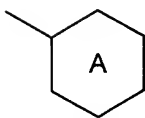
R<sub>1</sub> is hydroxy, methoxy, fluoromethoxy or

(hydroxycarbonyl)(dimethyl)methoxy,

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen,

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen; (C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, e.g. methyl or ethyl; allyl or cyclopropyl,

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or (C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl, e.g. methyl,



is cyclohexyl, e.g. and the  $-(CH_2)_m-NR_5R_6$  group is in the ortho, meta or para position,

R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> independently of each other are hydrogen; (C<sub>1-3</sub>)alkyl; allyl;

(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylcarbonyl; phenylcarbonyl, wherein phenyl is optionally substituted by

(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylcarbonyloxy; phenoxymethylcarbonyl; phenylsulfonyl, wherein phenyl is substituted by amino or (C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylcarbonylamino, or heterocyclyl comprising 5 ring members and 1 heteroatom selected from N, O or S,

X is NH, NCH<sub>3</sub>, NCH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, O, S or (C<sub>3-8</sub>)cycloalkyl substituted by amino,

n is 0, m is 0,

Y is S and

R<sub>8</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl.

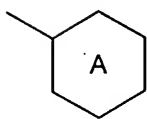
3. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein in formula IA

W is N or CH,

R<sub>1</sub> is hydroxy or fluoromethoxy,

R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen,

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl,



is cyclohexyl,

X is NH,

n is 1 and m is 1.

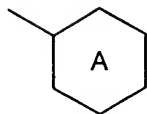
4. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein in formula IA

W is N,

R<sub>1</sub> is fluoromethoxy,

R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen,

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl,



is phenyl,

X is NH,

n is 1 and m is 0.

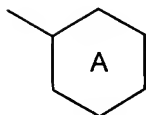
5. (previously presented) The compound of claim 1 wherein in formula IA

W is CH or N,

R<sub>1</sub> is hydroxy or fluoromethoxy,

R<sub>2</sub>, R<sub>4</sub>, R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> are hydrogen,

R<sub>3</sub> is C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkyl,

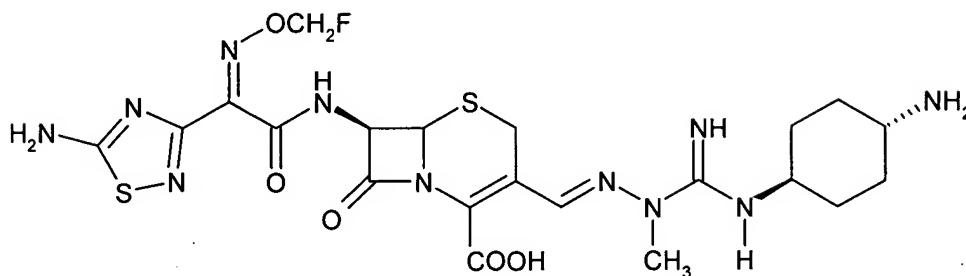


is phenyl,

X is NH,

n is 1 and m is 1.

6. (currently amended) A compound of formula



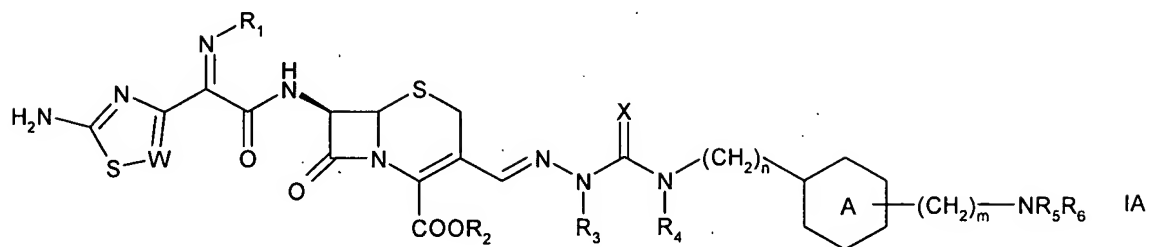
7. (previously presented) A compound of claim 1 in the form of a salt.

8. (previously presented) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound according claims 1 in association with at least one pharmaceutical excipient.

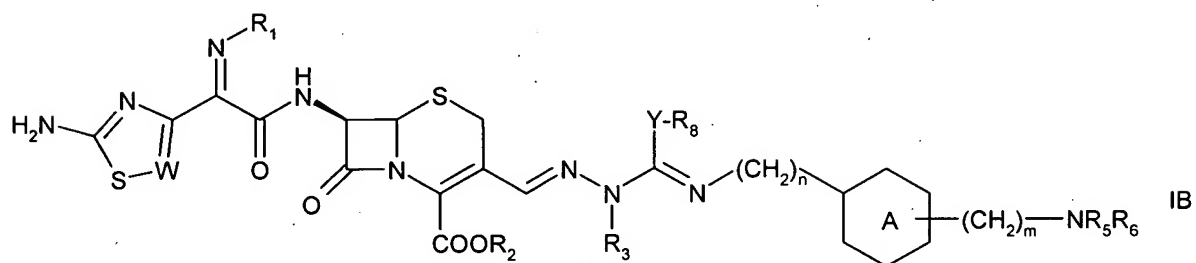
9. (Canceled).

10. (currently amended) A method of treatment of ~~microbial~~ bacterial diseases which comprises administering to a subject in need of such treatment an effective amount of a compound according to claim 1.

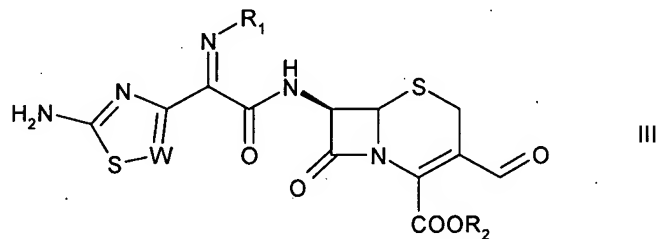
11. (currently amended) A process for preparing a compound of formula IA



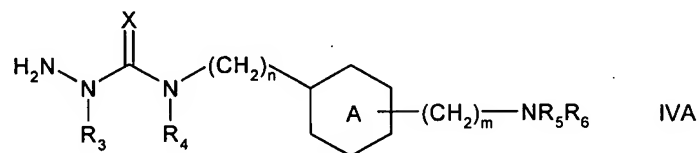
or a compound of formula IB



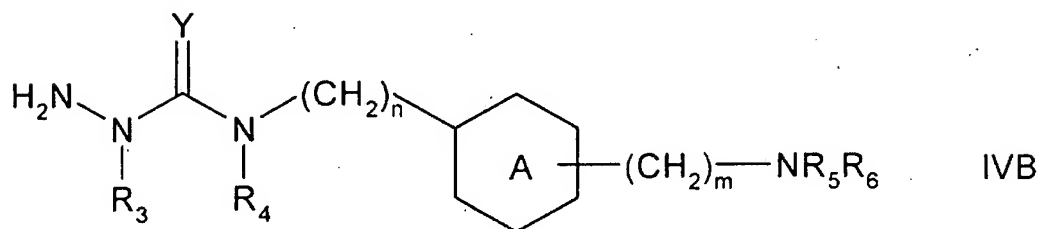
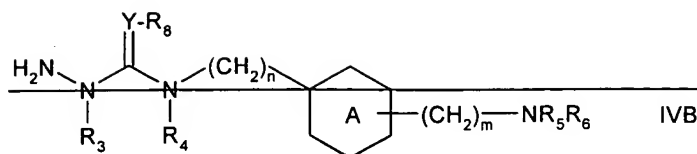
said process comprising reacting a compound of formula III



with a compound of formula IVA



or a compound of formula IVB



wherein

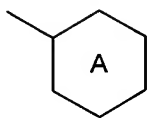
W is CH or N,

R<sub>1</sub> is hydroxy, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy, halo(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy, hydroxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy or (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxycarbonyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkoxy,

R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen or an ester moiety,

R<sub>3</sub> is hydrogen, (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl, (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl or (C<sub>3-8</sub>)cycloalkyl,

R<sub>4</sub> is hydrogen or (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl,



is cyclohexyl or phenyl,

R<sub>5</sub> and R<sub>6</sub> independently of each other are hydrogen; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkyl; (C<sub>2-6</sub>)alkenyl;

(C<sub>6-18</sub>)arylcarbonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>6-18</sub>)aryloxy(C<sub>1-4</sub>)alkylcarbonyl; (C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl-

(C<sub>6-18</sub>)arylcarbonyl; heterocyclyl(C<sub>1-6</sub>)alkylcarbonyl, wherein heterocyclyl comprises

5 or 6 ring members and 1 to 4 heteroatoms selected from N, O or S; (C<sub>1-</sub>

<sub>6</sub>)alkylsulfonyl or

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Y is O or S, and n and m independently of each other are 0 or 1.